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Kenſington, July 14.

THE following Addreſs from the Borough of *Appleby*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by the Recorder of the ſaid Borough, and ſeveral Members of the Corporation, together with *Edward Duncomb* and *Edward Lutwich*, Eſqs; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Shrewsbury*, Lord-Chamberlain of Her Majeſty's Houſhold.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Aldermen, Common Council, Free-Burghers, and other Inhabitants of the Borough of *Appleby* in the County of *Weſtmorland*, Aſſembled in the publick Hall of the ſaid Borough the 30th of *June*, 1712.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign!

AS we formerly have had the Honour to Congratulate the Succeſs of Your Majeſty's Arms, ſo we now beg leave to make our moſt dutiful Acknowledgment to Your Majeſty for the grateful Proſpect which Your Majeſty has been pleaſed to give us of a Glorious Peace, which is the only deſirable Effect that can accrue to Your Majeſty's good Subjects from the Succeſs in War.

We are ſenſible there are thoſe who propoſed other Effects of it to themſelves, thoſe who delight in War, and would make uſe of the Advantages in it, only as Arguments for continuing it, and propoſe no end but their own Profit; but we are ſenſible of Your Majeſty's great Care and Concern for the good of Your Kingdoms; and we are amazed to think that any Subjects of Britain *ſhould be ſo unnatural as to envy Your Majeſty's Glory in being at the Head of this Negotiation, eſpecially ſince the Event of a former one made it ſo abſolutely neceſſary.*

But notwithſtanding the artful Contrivances, and the reſtleſs Malice of thoſe who would obſtruct Your Majeſty's good Intentions, We hope Your Majeſty will ſpeedily finiſh this good Work.

May the God of Peace direct Your Counſels to this great end, may You be Crowned with the Bleſſing of Peace here, and an Immortal Crown of Glory hereafter.

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Dunheved alias Launceſton*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *George Clarke*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord *Lanſdowne*.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, the Right Honourable the Recorder, Deputy-Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, Free-Burgeſſes, and Inhabitants of Your Majeſty's ever Loyal and Antient Borough of *Dunheved alias Launceſton*, in the County of *Cornwall*.

Dread Sovereign!

WE preſume to approach Your Sacred Perſon with our humbleſt Thanks for the late unexampled Inſtance of Your Majeſty's moſt gracious Condeſcenſion, in being pleaſed to ſuſpend in ſome meaſure Your Royal Prerogative, by Communicating to Your Parliament the Terms on which a ſafe and honourable Peace may be obtained.

May the God of Peace proſper Your Majeſty's pious Endeavours, for the finiſhing this great and good Work; and may the Fruits of that juſt Confidence Your Subjects place in Your Majeſty's moſt excellent Adminiſtration, be our ſpeedy receiving (maugre all Deſigns to the contrary) that Bleſſing we have ſo long wiſh'd for, from the Hands of the beſt of Queens.

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Great Marlow*, in the County of *Bucks*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by Sir *James Etheredge*, and *George Bruere*, Eſq; their Repreſentatives in Parliament, and the Reverend Mr. *Millechamp*, their Miniſter; introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord *Cheyne* Viſcount *Newhaven*, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Conſtables, and other Inhabitants of Your Majeſty's antient Borough of *Great Marlow*, in the County of *Bucks*.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

YOur Majeſty's pious Care to procure to Your People the Bleſſing of Peace, and Your communicating to the Parliament the Terms upon which it may be made, give us the higheſt Notions of Your Goodneſs and Condeſcention. 'Tis Your Prudence and Meekneſs that muſt charm the Spirit of Diſcord, and Your Juſtice that muſt hold the Ballance of Europe, and ſtop not only the Swords, but the ſharper Tongues of thoſe that delight in War, and teach us all to adore the God of Peace, as well as the Lord of Hoſts.

May Your Majeſty long enjoy the Glory of Your great Deeds, and continue to be attended by ſuch Miniſters as have the Honour of their Queen, the Proſperity of the Eſtabliſh'd Church, and the Good of their Country, next their Hearts. May You receive an entire Obedience for a perfect Love, and not exchange this Earthly for an heavenly Crown, 'till Your Days are as numerous as the Bleſſings You have conferred upon Your People: And then (ſince, alas, the beſt of Princes muſt die) may You gently drop this Diadem on the Legal Proteſtant Head, who may Govern by Your Example, as well as Inherit by Your Care.

The following Addreſs from the Town and Port of *Haſting*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *Joſeph Martin*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by the Right Honourable the Lord *Aſhburnham*.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Jurats, Miniſter, Gentlemen, Freemen, and other Inhabitants of the Town and Port of *Haſting*, in the County of *Suſſex*.

WE Your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, do with the utmoſt Senſe of Gratitude, acknowledge Your Majeſty's great Condeſcenſion in communicating to Your Parliament the Terms on which a General Peace may be made, which are Honourable and Advantageous to Great Britain, *juſt to Your Allies, beneficial to Trade, and evidently tend to the future Happineſs and Proſperity of Your Majeſty's Kingdoms, by confirming*

ing the Proteſtant Succeſſion in the Houſe of Hanover, *and ought to give entire Satisfaction to all.*

And we humbly beſeech Your Moſt Sacred Majeſty, on whom we entirely rely, to purſue what You have ſo happily begun, till You have procured the Bleſſing of Peace, which as it muſt be acceptable to all Your faithful Subjects, ſo eſpecially to us and others that have more ſenſibly felt the Effects of a tedious and expenſive War, in the great Decay of our Trade and Shipping.

We heartily pray the Almighty, to bleſs theſe Your Majeſty's Glorious Undertakings, againſt the wicked Artifices of thoſe that delight in War: And when Your Majeſty ſhall have compleated this great Work, may God grant Your Majeſty length of Days to Reign over a dutiful People here, and Crown Your Majeſty with everlaſting Peace and Happineſs hereafter.

The following Addreſs from the Borough of *Preſton*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *William Gradwell*, Mayor of the ſaid Borough, and *Henry Fleetwood*, Eſq; one of their Repreſentatives in Parliament, being introduced by his Grace the Duke of *Hamilton*, Lord Lieutenant of the ſaid County, and the Right Honourable the Lord *Berkely* of *Stretton*, Chancellor of the Dutchy of *Lancaſter*.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty.

The humble Addreſs of the Mayor, Recorder, Aldermen, Common-Council, Gentlemen and Freemen, of Your Majeſty's Borough of *Preſton*, in the County of *Lancaſter*.

WE Your Majeſty's moſt Dutiful and Loyal Subjects, humbly beg leave to approach Your Sacred Perſon with Hearts filled with the moſt grateful Acknowledgments for Your great Condeſcenſion, in communicating to Your People the Conditions on which a happy Peace may be procur'd for them and Your Allies, owning at the ſame time the ſole right of making Peace or War, to be a juſt branch of Your Royal Prerogative.

Your Majeſty's Princely Care for the Welfare of Your own Kingdoms, as well as a due regard for that of Your Allies, is ſufficiently manifeſted in Your Treaty; an Argument of Your Majeſty's Diſpoſition, to ſettle a juſt proportion of Intereſt, as well as Balance of Power in Europe.

We are ſenſible how great Difficulties Your Majeſty, and thoſe who have the Honour to be employ'd by You in the Management of this glorious Undertaking labour under, through the reſtleſs Endeavours of a Sett of Men, to obſtruct the compleating ſo good a Work; yet doubt not but (by the aſſiſtance of Divine Providence) Your Majeſty's prudent Conduct with the vigilant Care of Your faithful and well choſen Miniſters will overcome them all.

The preſent enjoyment of our moſt Holy Religion, as by Law Eſtabliſhed, and poſſeſſion of our Liberties and Properties ſecured to us, by the Settlement of the Crown in the Proteſtant Line are, what (next under God) we owe to Your Majeſty's Adminiſtration.

That Your Majeſty may long Reign over us, and enjoy the beſt Effects of Your Pious Endeavours here, and the eternal Bleſſing promiſed to Peace-makers hereafter, are the ſincere and hearty Prayers of Your Majeſty's dutiful and loyal Subjects.

The following Addreſs was tranſmitted from *Ireland* by their Excellencies the Lords Juſtices of that Kingdom, and preſented to Her Majeſty by the Right Honourable the Earl of *Dartmouth*, One of Her Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Grand Jury of the County of *Dublin*, at the *Queen's Bench, Trinity Term*, 1712.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign!

WE do with the moſt profound Humility and Duty preſume to offer this our Addreſs to Your Sacred Majeſty, moſt thankfully remembring the many Bleſſings we have enjoy'd, during the whole courſe of Your moſt auſpicious Reign.

Your Goodneſs in condeſcending to communicate to Your People the Terms on which a Peace may be had, is a ſignal Mark of Your Affection to and Confidence in them, and our Hearts are ſo full of a grateful and loyal Senſe thereof, that Words cannot expreſs it.

As Your Majeſty's Wiſdom and Goodneſs have moved You with great Reaſon and Equity, ſteadily to purſue in the firſt Place, the true Intereſt of Your own Kingdoms, in obtaining ſuch Terms as will not only ſecure, but greatly enlarge the Commerce thereof, ſo You have not been unmindful to procure for Your Allies what will fully anſwer all Your Engagements to them.

We are, beyond Expreſſion, happy in the Care Your Majeſty hath taken to tranſmit to our Poſterity, all thoſe moſt valuable Bleſſings we have ſo fully enjoy'd under Your wiſe and gentle Government, in providing that the Proteſtant *Succeſſion as by Law eſtabliſhed in the Illuſtrious Houſe of* Hanover *ſhould be ſecured, by having it in this Treaty acknowledged in the ſtrongeſt Terms.*

We pray Almighty God to aſſiſt Your Majeſty, that You may effectually carry on this great Work, ſo happily advanced, and bring it to a perfect concluſion; and we hope none can be ſo unreaſonable as to deny You the Glory of making a Safe and Honourable Peace, ſince it is Your undoubted Prerogative ſo to do; and as You have had ſo large a ſhare in conducting a glorious and ſucceſsful War to this happy Iſſue, ſo we moſt ſincerely wiſh that this and all the other manifold Inſtances of Your Majeſty's tender Care of Your People, will ſo unite all Your Subjects, that they may emulate each other in nothing but their Loyalty and Duty to Your Majeſty, the beſt of Queens.

The following Addreſs from the Town of *Tewkeſbury*, was preſented to Her Majeſty by *Edward Popham*, Eſq; being introduced by the moſt Honourable *Robert* Earl of *Oxford* and Earl *Mortimer*, Lord High Treaſurer of *Great Britain*.

To the QUEEN's moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Gentlemen, the Clergy, and generality of the Burgeſſes of Your Antient Town of *Tewkesbury*.

May it pleaſe Your Majeſty,

WE Your moſt humble and loyal Subjects, acted by juſt Principles, and inviolable Affections, deſire moſt dutifully to expreſs our moſt grateful Acknowledgments, that Your moſt Gracious Majeſty hath not only exerted Your Royal Prerogative, but alſo Your Sovereign Wiſdom, towards the procuring of ſo Honourable and Advantageous a Peace with the Crown of France; *and we humbly deſire the Concurrence of Heaven to the Accompliſhment and Perpetuity of it.*

We no leſs affectionately recognize Your Princely Care and Zeal, for ſecuring the Proteſtant Succeſſion in the Illuſtrious Houſe of Hanover, *which ſeems to be the moſt tender Concern of Your Royal Breaſt, and may it continue to be ſo, for yet many revolving Years.*

We alſo congratulate the excellent Wiſdom, and ſignal Felicity of Your Majeſty, in the choice of ſo able and faithful a Miniſtry, who ſo throughly comprehend the Intereſt of theſe Dominions, and ſo effectually promote it.

And we heartily wiſh Your Majeſty a High Court of Parliament from time to time (ſuch as the majority of the preſent is) Loyally devoted to the true Intereſt of Your Majeſty and Kingdoms, fully convinced of the Excellency of our Eſtabliſhed Church, and the Beneſit of Your moſt Glorious Reign, and happy in worthy Returns to Your ſo great Clemency and Goodneſs.

All which Addreſſes Her Majeſty receiv'd very Graciouſly.

Dreſ

Dresden, July 4. *N. S.* We have an Account from the Camp near Dunow, that Monsieur Brzuchowsky with a Detachment of the King of Poland's Army, after a March of Twelve Days, met General Grudzinski at the Head of five or six thousand Men near Crotowin, on the Twenty eighth of June, and attack'd them with such Success, that the Enemy was obliged to surrender themselves Prisoners at discretion, excepting the Cossacks, who making a more vigorous Resistance, several of them found means to escape, particularly Monsieur Grudzinsky himself, who retired with a small Number into the Dutchy of Silesia. In this Action Colonel Solstyk, with ten Companies of the King of Sweden's Troops, is said to have been taken Prisoners. Monsieur Brzuchowsky has sent out several Parties to pursue the scatter'd Remainders of the Enemy, and is himself marched towards Czentochowa, to cut off their Retreat.

Venice, July 8. *N. S.* They write from Rome, that the Pope returned thither from Castle Gondolpho on the 27th of the last Month; but the Heat of the Weather, and the Fatigue of his Journey, having given him a Defluxion in his Head, he was not able to perform the usual Functions of St. Peter's Day. We have Advice from the same Place, that on the 30th of June Cardinal Pallavicini died in the Eighty first Year of his Age; and that Signior Agostini was declared Commissary of Arms in the room of Monsignior Bentivoglio, who is appointed by the Pope to be his Nuncio at the French Court, and has some time been gone to Paris, in order to take upon him that Employment. On Thursday last the Counts Capodistria and Tutochi, Deputies from the Council of Corfu, had a publick Audience in the College, where they were favourably received, and assured that the Senate would take particular Care of that Island.

Douay, July 23. *N. S.* On Thursday the 14th Instant the Duke of Ormond ordered a general Forage to be made at Four of the Clock that Afternoon, and pointed out to the several Corps the particular Places to which they should go. The Village of Marcois happened to be allotted to the Prussians, who not coming thither 'till very late in the Evening, a Band of Maroders, consisting of Men of several Nations, without any Officer among them, took that Opportunity to Plunder the Place; and the Inhabitants wounding one of their Companions, they in Revenge set fire to the Church, in which a considerable Number of Persons were unhappily destroyed. As soon as the Duke was informed of this Barbarity, he sent a Party of Men to pursue and seize all such as could be suspected to have any share in it. The Commanding Officer did accordingly take a great many of them, who have been since tryed by a Court-Martial and executed. We should be much surprized to see this cruel Fact charged in the Gazettes of these Countries upon a Party of Regular Troops of Great Britain, if we did not find those Papers filled every Day with the most notorious Falsities concerning that Nation, both in respect to Things and Persons, particularly in relation to a Report industriously spread here, as if the Duke of Ormond had sent an Officer to assure Prince Eugene of the Concern his Grace was under, that he was not at liberty to follow him: Which is so distant from Truth, that we have certain Information that the Duke shewed Dissatisfaction for that General's withdrawing his Forces from those of Great Britain, in so extraordinary a manner.

The Commissioners of Excise do hereby give Notice, that in the Act passed the last Sessions of Parliament for laying additional Duties on Hides, &c. are the two Clauses following, relating to the Duties on Candles.

AND for the more effectual preventing the Frauds of the Chandlers, and Makers of Candles for Sale, whereby Her Majesty's Duties on Candles are very much lessened, Be it further enacted by the Authority aforesaid, That every Chandler or Maker of Candles for Sale, who, from and after the First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, shall make any Candles for Sale, shall, before he begins to make or dip any Making or Course of Candles, declare to the Officer or Officers appointed to take an Account of the same, the number of Sticks which he designs to make at such Making or Course, and also the Sizes of the Candles whereof each Stick is to consist; and if such Making or Course is intended to be of Mould Candles, then such Maker shall declare to such Officer or Officers, before he begins to fill any of the said Moulds, how many Moulds he intends to fill at such Making, and how often he intends at such Making, to draw the said Moulds: And in case any Chandler, or Maker of Candles for Sale, shall neglect or refuse to make such Declaration, as aforesaid; or shall after such Declaration made, make any encrease of his number of Sticks, or of the sizes of his Candles in such Making or Course, over and above the Number and Sizes so declared, as aforesaid; or in the Case of making of Mould Candles shall fill a greater Number of Moulds, or draw such Moulds oftner than shall be declared, as aforesaid; or in Case any Chandler, or Maker of Candles shall, after the weighing of any Making of Candles by the Officer or Officers appointed to take an Account of the same, encrease the Weight of such Candles so weighed, by re-dipping the same, or otherwise; then and in any of the said Cases, such Chandler or Maker of Candles for Sale, shall for every such Offence, forfeit and lose the Sum of Ten Pounds to be recovered, levied and mittigated by the same Ways, Means and Methods, as any Penalty or Forfeiture can or may be recovered, levied, or mitigated by any of the Laws of Excise, and to go one Moiety thereof, to Her Majesty, Her Heirs and Successors, and the other Moiety to the Person or Persons who shall Inform or Sue for the same.

And be it further Enacted by the Authority aforesaid, that from and after the said First Day of August, One thousand seven hundred and twelve, no Chandler or Maker of Candles for Sale, shall begin to make any Course or Making of Candles, without Notice thereof first given to the Officer for the said Duties for the Place or Division where such Maker shall inhabit, to the Intent that such Officer may take an Account of the same, unless at such Times as are herein after mentioned; that is to say, from the twenty ninth Day of September to the twenty fifth Day of March Yearly, between the Hours of Seven in the Morning, and Five in the Evening, and from the said Twenty fifth Day of March to the Twenty ninth Day of September Yearly, between the Hours of Five in the Morning and Seven in the Evening, upon Pain that every such Chandler or Maker of Candles doing contrary hereunto, shall forfeit and lose for every such Offence, the Sum of ten Pounds, to be recovered, levied, mitigated and distributed as is last before mentioned.

The Commissioners for the Duties on Hides and Skins, and Vellom and Parchment, think fit to give Notice, that by an Act passed the last Session of Parliament, certain additional Duties are laid on all Hides and Skins, and Vellom and Parchment for Thirty two Years, to be reckoned from the 1st of August next; and that the same are to be ascertained, raised, received, levied, recovered and secured, by such Ways, Means and Methods, and under such Penalties and Forfeitures, Rules and Directions, as the respective Duties upon Hides and Skins, and Vellom and Parchment, granted in the Ninth Year of Her Majesty's Reign, are by that Act prescribed, appointed or enacted, during the continuance thereof.

Her Majesty having been pleas'd to direct the Board of General Officers to settle the Ranks of the several Regi-